CALENDAR YEAR 2010 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION REPORT

POPLAR SPRINGS WATER DISTRICT PWS ID # ('s): 0640012

2011 JUN 27 MII 10: 14

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please	Answer the Fo	llowing Questions Regarding the	Consumer Confidence Report						
y	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill, or other)								
LJ .		Advertisement in local paper							
		On water bills							
		Other							
	_								
	Date customer	rs were informed:(o -l(o -							
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:								
	Date r	nailed/distributed:							
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR and proof of publication) Name of Newspaper: Simpson County News Date Published: 6-16-11								
	CCR was post	ed in public places. (Attach list of	ocations)						
	Date p	posted:							
	CCR was post	ed on a publicly accessible internet	site at the address: www:						
<u>CERT</u>	IFICATION:								
system correct Mississ	in the form and and is consister sippi State Depa	manner identified above. I further nt with the water quality monitoring artment of Health, Bureau of Public							
B.	medic	Jog-Padt	6-23-11 Date						
Name/Tit	le (President, Mayer,	Owner, etc.)	Date						
			by MS Cross Connection, LLC with information provided by as true & correct as the information provided.						
	Su Sas	Boyett	6-10-1/ Date						
Signature		<u>d</u>	Date						

Mail completed form along with a copy of your CCR Report(s) before JULY 1, 2011 to:

MS State Department of Health Division of Public Water Supply P O Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Phone: 601-576-7518

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Poplar Springs Water District PWS ID # 0640012 June, 2011

2011 JUN 27 AM 10: 14

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of two wells that draw from the Catahoula Formation Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information has been received by our office and will be made available for review upon request.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Michael Jolly at 601-847-1113. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday of each month at Priority Bank in Mendenhall at 7:30 a.m.

Poplar Springs Water District routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2010. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST R	ESULTS	•		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collecte d	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	Contami	nants						
10. Barium	N		0.1	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N		0.8	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	0.3	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	2	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectan	ts & Di	sinfection	on By-P	roducts				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N		0.74	0.45 to 0.85	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample results available

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Poplar Springs Water District is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may which to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested..

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

COUNTY OF SIMPSON							
Personally appeared before me, the undersigned Notary							
Public, in and for the County and State aforesaid							
who being by me duly sworn states on oath, that she is / Egg/ Clark of Simpson County News a							
newspaper published in the City of Mendenhall, State and							
County aforesaid, and that the publication of the notice, a							
copy of which is hereto attached, has been made in said							
paper times, as follows:							
In Vol. 139 No. 26 Date 16 day of June 2011.							
In Vol No Date day of 2011.							
In Vol No Date day of 2011.							
In Vol No Date day of 2011.							
In Vol No Date day of 2011.							
In Vol No Date day of 2011.							
Signed Marsha Brutcher							
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Sworn to and subscribed before in this is the							
day of							
SHELL PROPERTY							
Notary Public Commission Expires							
My Commission Expires: April 12, 2013							
PSONCOLA							
Run As A 4413 Ad No. words atcts. Total \$ 468.00							
No. words atcts. Total \$ \(\frac{\(\frac{76\(\frac{8}{3}\) 00}{\(\frac{1}{3}\) 00} \)							
Proof of Publication : \$							
Total Cost: \$ 468.00							

THIS IS NOT A STATEMENT

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7. Lezd	N	3008*	2	None	bbp	\ <u>`</u>		systems, erosion of natural deposit
	1			1				
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Littorine (as	TN	1	0.74	0.45 to 0.85	ppm	1	1	microbes
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